1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to which was
3	referred Senate Bill No. 136 entitled "An act relating to miscellaneous
4	consumer protection provisions" respectfully reports that it has considered the
5	same and recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be
6	amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu
7	thereof the following:
8	* * * Residential Construction Contracts; S.136 * * *
9	Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 102 is amended to read:
10	CHAPTER 102. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS
11	§ 4001. DEFINITIONS
12	As used in this chapter:
13	(1) "Contractor" means a person or entity which contracts with an owner
14	to perform work, or provide materials or machinery necessary to perform work
15	on real property.
16	(2) "Work" means:
17	(A) to build, alter, repair, or demolish any improvement on,
18	connected with, or on or beneath the surface of any real property, or to
19	excavate, clear, grade, fill, or landscape any real property or to construct
20	driveways, private roadways, highways and bridges, drilled wells, septic,
21	sewage systems, utilities, including trees and shrubbery, or to furnish

1	materials, for any of such purposes, or to perform any labor upon real property.
2	"Work" also includes; and
3	(B) to provide any design or other professional or skilled services
4	rendered by architects, engineers, land surveyors, landscape architects, and
5	construction managers.
6	(3) "Owner" means a person or entity having an interest in real property
7	on which work is performed, if the person or entity has agreed to or requested
8	such work. "Owner" includes successors in interest of the owner and agents of
9	the owner acting within their authority. "Owner" shall also include the State of
10	Vermont and instrumentalities and subdivisions of the State of Vermont
11	including municipalities and school districts having an interest in such real
12	property.
13	(4) "Real property" means real estate, including lands, leaseholds,
14	tenements and hereditaments, and improvements placed thereon.
15	(5) "Construction contract" means any agreement, whether written or
16	oral, to perform work on any real property located within the State of Vermont.
17	(6) "Subcontractor" means any person or entity which has contracted to
18	perform work, or provide materials or machinery necessary to perform work
19	for a contractor or another subcontractor in connection with a construction
20	contract.

1	(7) "Delivery" means receipt by addressee, including first class,
2	registered, or certified mail, hand delivered or transmitted by facsimile
3	machine. Mail, properly addressed, shall be deemed delivered three days from
4	the day it was sent.
5	(8) "Billing period" means the period agreed to by the parties or, in the
6	absence of an agreement, the calendar month within which work is performed
7	(9) "Residential home improvement contract" means a contract between
8	a contractor and an owner for work on residential real estate where the
9	estimated value of the work and materials exceeds \$10,000.00.
10	(10) "Residential real estate" means a residential structure with one to
11	two dwelling units and the real property on which it is constructed.
12	* * *
13	§ 4010. RESIDENTIAL HOME IMPROVEMENT CONTRACTS
14	(a) Writing required. A residential home improvement contract, and any
15	amendment to the contract, shall be in writing.
16	(b) Required provisions. A residential home improvement contract shall
17	include the following:
18	(1) Contract price. One of the following provisions for the price of
19	the contract:
20	(A) a maximum price for all work and materials;

1	(B) a statement that billing and payment will be made on a time and
2	materials basis, not to exceed a maximum price; or
3	(C) a statement that billing and payment will be made on a time and
4	materials basis and that there is no maximum price.
5	(2) Work dates. A start date and a completion date for work.
6	(3) Scope of work. A description of the work to be performed and a
7	description of the materials to be used.
8	(4) Warranty. A provision that reads: "In addition to any other
9	warranties agreed to by the parties, the contractor warrants that his or her work
10	is free from faulty materials and is performed in a skillful manner according to
11	the standards of the building code applicable for this location or to a higher
12	standard agreed to by the parties."
13	(5) Change order.
14	(A) Unless a residential home improvement contract specifies that
15	billing and payment will be made on a time and materials basis and that there
16	is no maximum price, subject to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (5), a
17	provision that the contractor shall not perform any work or procure materials in
18	excess of the maximum price of the contract without prior written approval of
19	the owner.

1	(B) The contract may provide that an owner can approve a change
2	order verbally, provided that the owner and contractor shall memorialize the
3	approval in a writing within three days of the approval.
4	(c) Emergency work. If an owner requests a contractor to perform work in
5	an emergency, the parties shall execute a residential home improvement
6	contract not less than five days after the date on which the contractor
7	completes the work.
8	(d) Enforcement and remedies.
9	(1) A contractor who violates a provision of this section commits an
10	unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title.
11	(2) The Attorney General has the same authority to adopt rules, conduct
12	civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, and bring civil
13	actions to enforce the provisions of this section as is provided under chapter
14	63, subchapter 1 of this title.
15	(e) Sample contract. The Attorney General shall adopt and make available
16	on its website a sample residential home improvement contract, which a
17	contractor may or may not use, that is consistent with the provisions of this
18	section.
19	* * * Home Loan Escrow Account Analysis; S.136 * * *
20	Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 10404 is amended to read:
21	§ 10404. HOME LOAN ESCROW ACCOUNTS

1	* * *
2	(c) A lender shall not require a borrower to deposit into an escrow account
3	any greater sum than is sufficient to pay taxes, insurance premiums, and other
4	charges with respect to the residential real estate, subject to the following
5	additional charges:
6	(1) a lender may require aggregate annual deposits no greater than the
7	reasonably estimated total annual charges plus one-twelfth one-sixth of such
8	total; and
9	(2) a lender may require monthly deposits no greater than one-twelfth of
10	the reasonably estimated total annual charges plus an amount needed to
11	maintain an additional account balance no greater than one-twelfth one-sixth
12	of such total.
13	* * *
14	(g)(1) At least annually, a lender shall conduct an escrow account analysis
15	at the completion of the escrow account computation year to determine the
16	borrower's monthly escrow account payments for the next computation year
17	based on the borrower's current tax liability, if made available to the lender
18	either by the borrower or the municipality, after any applicable adjustment for
19	a State credit on property taxes.
20	(2) Upon submission of a revised property tax bill to the lender, the

lender shall review the property tax bill and upon verifying that it has been

21

1	reduced since the date of the last escrow account analysis, the lender shall,
2	within 30 days of receiving notice from the borrower, conduct a new escrow
3	account analysis, recalculate the borrower's monthly escrow payment, and
4	notify the borrower of any change.
5	(3) The lender shall provide At least annually, and whenever an escrow
6	account analysis is conducted or upon request of the borrower, the lender shall
7	provide to the borrower financial statements relating to the borrower's escrow
8	account in a manner and on a form approved by the Commissioner consistent
9	with the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act. The lender shall not
10	charge the borrower for the preparation and transmittal of such statements.
11	* * *
12	* * * Fantasy Sports Contests; S.136 * * *
13	Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. chapter 116 is added to read:
14	CHAPTER 116. FANTASY SPORTS CONTESTS
15	§ 4185. DEFINITIONS
16	As used in this chapter:
17	(1) "Computer script" means a list of commands that can be executed by
18	a program, scripting engine, or similar mechanism that a fantasy sports player
19	can use to automate participation in a fantasy sports contest.
20	(2) "Confidential fantasy sports contest information" means nonpublic
21	information available to a fantasy sports operator that relates to a fantasy sports

1	player's activity in a fantasy sports contest and that, if disclosed, may give
2	another fantasy sports player an unfair competitive advantage in a fantasy
3	sports contest.
4	(3) "Fantasy sports contest" means a virtual or simulated sporting event
5	governed by a uniform set of rules adopted by a fantasy sports operator in
6	which:
7	(A) a fantasy sports player may earn one or more cash prizes or
8	awards, the value of which a fantasy sports operator discloses in advance of the
9	contest;
10	(B) a fantasy sports player uses his or her knowledge and skill of
11	sports data, performance, and statistics to create and manage a fantasy sports
12	team;
13	(C) a fantasy sports team earns fantasy points based on the sports
14	performance statistics accrued by individual athletes or teams, or both, in real
15	world sporting events;
16	(D) the outcome is determined by the number of fantasy points
17	earned; and
18	(E) the outcome is not determined by the score, the point spread, the
19	performance of one or more teams, or the performance of an individual athlete
20	in a single real world sporting event.

1	(4) "Fantasy sports operator" means a person that offers to members of
2	the public the opportunity to participate in a fantasy sports contest for
3	consideration.
4	(5) "Fantasy sports player" means an individual who participates in a
5	fantasy sports contest for consideration.
6	(6) "Location percentage" mean the percentage, rounded to the nearest
7	tenth of a percent, of the total of all entry fees collected from fantasy sports
8	players located in Vermont, divided by the total entry fees collected from all
9	fantasy sports players in fantasy sports contests.
10	(7) "Net fantasy sports contest revenues" means the amount equal to the
11	total of all entry fees that a fantasy sports operator collects from all fantasy
12	sports players, less the total of all sums paid out as winnings to all fantasy
13	sports players, multiplied by the location percentage for Vermont.
14	§ 4186. CONSUMER PROTECTION
15	(a) A fantasy sports operator shall adopt commercially reasonable policies
16	and procedures to:
17	(1) prevent participation in a fantasy sports contest it offers to the public
18	with a cash prize of \$5.00 or more by:
19	(A) the fantasy sports operator;
20	(B) an employee of the fantasy sports operator or a relative of the
21	employee who lives in the same household; or

1	(C) a professional athlete or official who participates in one or more
2	real world sporting events in the same sport as the fantasy sports contest;
3	(2) prevent the disclosure of confidential fantasy sports contest
4	information to an unauthorized person;
5	(3) require that a fantasy sports player is 18 years of age or older, and
6	verify the age of each player using one or more commercially available
7	databases, which government or business regularly use to verify and
8	authenticate age and identity;
9	(4) limit and disclose to prospective players the number of entries a
10	fantasy sports player may submit for each fantasy sports contest;
11	(5) limit a fantasy sports player to not more than one username or
12	account;
13	(6) prohibit the use of computer scripts that provide a player with a
14	competitive advantage over another player;
15	(7) segregate player funds from operational funds, or maintain a reserve
16	in the form of cash, cash equivalents, payment processor receivables, payment
17	processor reserves, an irrevocable letter of credit, a bond, or a combination
18	thereof in an amount that equals or exceeds the amount of deposits in fantasy
19	sports player accounts, for the benefit and protection of fantasy sports player
20	funds held in their accounts; and

1	(8) notify fantasy sports players that winnings of a certain amount may
2	be subject to income taxation.
3	(b) A fantasy sports operator shall have the following duties:
4	(1) The operator shall provide a link on its website to information and
5	resources addressing addiction and compulsive behavior and where to seek
6	assistance with these issues in Vermont and nationally.
7	(2)(A) The operator shall enable a fantasy sports player to restrict
8	irrevocably his or her own ability to participate in a fantasy sports contest, for a
9	period of time the player specifies, by submitting a request to the operator
10	through its website or by online chat with the operator's agent.
11	(B) The operator shall provide to a player who self-restricts his or her
12	participation information concerning:
13	(i) available resources addressing addiction and compulsive
14	behavior;
15	(ii) how to close an account and restrictions on opening a new
16	account during the period of self-restriction;
17	(iii) requirements to reinstate an account at the end of the
18	period; and
19	(iv) how the operator addresses reward points and account
20	balances during and after the period of self-restriction, and when the player
21	closes his or her account.

1	(3) The operator shall provide a player access to the following
2	information for the previous six months:
3	(A) a player's play history, including money spent, games played,
4	previous line-ups, and prizes awarded;
5	(B) a player's account details, including deposit amounts, withdrawal
6	amounts, and bonus information, including amounts remaining for a pending
7	bonus and amounts released to the player.
8	(c)(1) A fantasy sports operator shall contract with a third party to perform
9	an annual independent audit, consistent with the standards established by the
10	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, to ensure compliance with
11	the requirements in this chapter.
12	(2) The fantasy sports operator shall submit the results of the
13	independent audit to the Attorney General.
14	(d) A fantasy sports operator shall not extend credit to a fantasy sports
15	player.
16	(e) A fantasy sports operator shall not offer a fantasy sports contest based
17	on the performance of participants in college, high school, or youth athletic
18	events.
19	§ 4187. FAIR AND TRUTHFUL ADVERTISING
20	(a) A fantasy sports operator shall not depict in an advertisement to
21	consumers in this State:

1	(1) minors, other than professional athletes who may be minors;
2	(2) students;
3	(3) schools or colleges; or
4	(4) school or college settings, provided that incidental depiction of
5	nonfeatured minors does not violate this section.
6	(b) A fantasy sports operator shall not state or imply in an advertisement to
7	consumers in this State endorsement by:
8	(1) minors, other than professional athletes who may be minors;
9	(2) collegiate athletes;
10	(3) colleges; or
11	(4) college athletic associations.
12	(c)(1) A fantasy sports operator shall include in an advertisement to
13	consumers in this State information concerning assistance available to problem
14	gamblers, or shall direct consumers to a reputable source of that information.
15	(2) If an advertisement is of insufficient size or duration to provide the
16	information required in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the advertisement
17	shall refer to a website or application that does prominently include such
18	information.
19	(d) A fantasy sports operator shall only make representations concerning
20	winnings that are accurate, not misleading, and capable of substantiation at the
21	time of the representation. For purposes of this subsection, an advertisement is

21

chapter 63, subchapter 1 of this title.

1 misleading if it makes representations about average winnings without equally 2 prominently representing the average net winnings of all players. 3 § 4188. EXEMPTION 4 The provisions of 13 V.S.A. chapter 51, relating to gambling and lotteries, 5 shall not apply to a fantasy sports contest. 6 § 4189. REGISTRATION 7 In addition to applicable requirements under Titles 11–11C for a business 8 organization doing business in this State to register with the Secretary of State, 9 on or before January 15 following each year in which a fantasy sports operator 10 offers a fantasy sports contest to consumers in this State, the operator shall file 11 an annual registration with the Secretary of State on a form adopted for that 12 purpose and pay to the Secretary an annual registration fee in an amount equal 13 to one-half of one percent of its annual net fantasy sports contest revenue for 14 the prior calendar year. 15 § 4190. ENFORCEMENT 16 (a) A person that violates a provision of this chapter commits an unfair and 17 deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title. 18 (b) The Attorney General has the authority to adopt rules to implement the 19 provisions of this chapter and to conduct civil investigations, enter into 20 assurances of discontinuance, and bring civil actions as provided under

1	Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 3102(e)(19) is added to read:
2	(19) To the Secretary of State for the purpose of administering the
3	registration fee for fantasy sports operators under 9 V.S.A. § 4189.
4	Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § chapter 221 is added to read:
5	CHAPTER 221. FANTASY SPORTS
6	§ 9001. DEFINITIONS
7	The terms used in this chapter shall have the same mean as the terms
8	defined in 9 V.S.A. chapter 116.
9	§ 9002. TAX IMPOSED
10	A fantasy sports operator shall annually pay 11 percent of its annual net
11	fantasy sports contest revenue to the Department of Taxes for deposit in the
12	General Fund. The tax shall be on annual net fantasy sports contest revenue
13	for each calendar year. To the extent it does not conflict with the terms of this
14	chapter, the tax imposed by this section shall be implemented under the
15	administrative and appeal provisions related to Vermont's personal income tax
16	under chapter 151 of this title, including the provisions concerning personal
17	<u>liability.</u>
18	§ 9003. RETURNS
19	Any person liable for the tax imposed by this chapter shall, on or before the
20	15th day of March, return to the Commissioner under oath of a person with
21	legal authority to bind the fantasy sports operator a statement containing its

1	name and place of business, its net fantasy sports contest revenues for the
2	preceding year, and any other information required by the Commissioner,
3	along with the tax due for the prior calendar year.
4	<u>§ 9004. PENALTIES</u>
5	Any person subject to the provisions of this chapter who fails to pay the tax
6	imposed by this chapter by the date that payment is due or fails to submit a
7	return as required by this chapter is subject to the provisions of sections 3202
8	and 5864 of this title.
9	Sec. 5. REPORT
10	On or before January 15, 2019, and annually thereafter, the Attorney
11	General, in collaboration with the Department of Taxes and the Secretary of
12	State, shall submit to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic
13	Development and on Ways and Means, and to the Senate Committees on
14	Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance, a report
15	that provides a summary of fantasy sports business activity in this State.
16	* * * Automatic Renewal Provisions in Consumer Contracts; H.286 * * *
17	Sec. 6. 9 V.S.A. § 2454a is added to read:
18	§ 2454a. CONSUMER CONTRACTS; AUTOMATIC RENEWAL
19	(a) A contract between a consumer and a seller or a lessor with an initial
20	term of one year or longer shall not renew automatically unless:

1	(1) the contract states clearly and conspicuously the terms of the
2	automatic renewal provision in plain, unambiguous language, and in bold-face
3	type;
4	(2) in addition to accepting the contract, the consumer takes an
5	affirmative action to opt in to the automatic renewal provision; and
6	(3) if the consumer opts in to the automatic renewal provision, the seller
7	or lessor provides a written or electronic notice to the consumer:
8	(A) not less than 30 days, and not more than 60 days, before the
9	earliest of:
10	(i) the automatic renewal date;
11	(ii) the termination date; or
12	(iii) the date by which the consumer must provide notice to cancel
13	the contract; and
14	(B) that includes:
15	(i) the date the contract will terminate and a clear statement that
16	unless the consumer cancels the contract on or before the termination date, the
17	contract will renew automatically;
18	(ii) the length and any additional terms of the renewal period;
19	(iii) one or more methods by which the consumer can cancel the
20	contract; and
21	(iv) contact information for the seller or lessor,

1	(b) A person who violates a provision of subsection (a) of this section
2	commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453
3	of this title.
4	(c) The provisions of this section do not apply to a contract between a
5	consumer and a financial institution, as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 11101.
6	Sec. 7. AUTOMATIC RENEWAL OF CONTRACTS; APPLICABILITY TO
7	EXISTING CONTRACT
8	A contract between a consumer and a seller or lessor in effect on July 1,
9	2017, with an initial term of one year or longer, and that includes an automatic
10	renewal provision, shall not renew automatically unless the seller or lessor
11	sends written or electronic notice to the consumer with the information
12	required 9 V.S.A. § 2454a(a)(3)(B):
13	(1) not less than 30 days, and not more than 60 days, before the earliest of:
14	(A) the automatic renewal date;
15	(B) the termination date; or
16	(C) the date by which the consumer must provide notice to cancel the
17	contract; or
18	(2) if the contract will automatically renew before the earliest date
19	provided in subdivision (1) of this section, then as soon as is commercially
20	<u>reasonable.</u>
21	* * * Retainage of Payment for Construction Materials; H.288 * * *

- 1 Sec. 8. 9 V.S.A. § 4005 is amended to read:
- 2 § 4005. RETAINAGE

- (a) If payments under a construction contract are subject to retainage, any amounts which that have been retained during the performance of the contract and which that are due to be released to the contractor upon final completion shall be paid within 30 days after final acceptance of the work.
 - (b) If an owner is not withholding retainage, a contractor <u>or subcontractor</u> may withhold retainage from its subcontractor in accordance with their agreement. The retainage shall be paid within 30 days after final acceptance of the work.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any contrary agreement, a contractor shall pay to its subcontractors, and each subcontractor shall in turn pay to its subcontractors, within seven days after receipt of the retainage, the full amount due to each such subcontractor.
 - (d) If an owner, contractor, or subcontractor unreasonably withholds acceptance of the work or fails to pay retainage as required by this section, the owner, contractor, or subcontractor shall be subject to the interest, penalty, and attorney's fees provisions of sections 4002, 4003, and 4007 of this title.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or an agreement to the contrary, except in the case of a contractor or subcontractor who is both a materialman who delivers materials and is contracted to perform work using

1	those materials, a contractor or subcontractor shall not hold retainage for
2	contracted materials that:
3	(1) have been delivered by a materialman and accepted by the contractor
4	at the site, or off-site; and
5	(2) are covered by a manufacturer's warranty, or graded to meet
6	industry standards, or both.
7	* * * Credit Protection for Vulnerable Persons; H.390 * * *
8	Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 2480a is amended to read:
9	§ 2480a. DEFINITIONS
10	For purposes of As used in this subchapter and subchapter 9 of this chapter:
11	(1) "Consumer" means a natural person residing in this State other than
12	a protected consumer.
13	(2) "Credit report" means any written, oral, or other communication of
14	any information by a credit reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit
15	worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation,
16	personal characteristics, or mode of living, including an investigative credit
17	report. The term does not include:
18	(A) a report containing information solely as to transactions or
19	experiences between the consumer and the person making the report; or
20	(B) an authorization or approval of a specific extension of credit
21	directly or indirectly by the issuer of a credit card or similar device. a

- consumer report, as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1681a, that is used or collected in whole or in part for the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing a consumer's eligibility for credit for personal, family, or household purposes.
 - (3) "Credit reporting agency" or "agency" means any person which, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit information or other information on consumers for the purpose of reporting to third parties on the credit rating or creditworthiness of any consumer a person who, for fees, dues, or on a cooperative basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or evaluating information concerning a consumer's credit or other information for the purpose of furnishing a credit report to another person.
 - (4) "Identity theft" means the unauthorized use of another person's personal identifying information to obtain credit, goods, services, money, or property.
 - (5) "Investigative credit report" means a report in which information on a consumer's character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living is obtained through personal interviews with neighbors, friends, or associates of the consumer reported on or with others with whom the consumer is acquainted or who may have knowledge concerning any such items of information. The term does not include reports of specific factual information

1	on a consumer's credit record obtained directly from a creditor of the
2	consumer or from a credit reporting agency when such information was
3	obtained directly from a creditor of the consumer or from the consumer.
4	(6) "Proper identification," as used in this subchapter, means that
5	information generally deemed sufficient to identify a person has the same
6	meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 1681h(a)(1), and includes:
7	(A) the consumer's full name, including first, last, and middle names
8	and any suffix;
9	(B) any name the consumer previously used;
10	(C) the consumer's current and recent full addresses, including street
11	address, any apartment number, city, state, and ZIP code;
12	(D) the consumer's Social Security number; and
13	(E) the consumer's date of birth.
14	(7) "Security freeze" means a notice placed in a credit report, at the
15	request of the consumer, pursuant to section 2480h of this title.
16	(8) "Consumer who is subject to a protected consumer security freeze"
17	means a natural person:
18	(A) for whom a credit reporting agency placed a security freeze
19	under section 2480h of this title; and

1	(B) who, on the day on which a request for the removal of the
2	security freeze is submitted under section 2480h of this title, is not a protected
3	consumer.
4	(9) "File" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 1681a.
5	(10) "Incapacitated person" has the same meaning as in 14 V.S.A.
6	<u>§ 3152.</u>
7	(11)(A) "Personal information" means personally identifiable financial
8	information:
9	(i) provided by a consumer to another person;
10	(ii) resulting from any transaction with the consumer or any
11	service performed for the consumer; or
12	(iii) otherwise obtained by another person.
13	(B) "Personal information" does not include:
14	(i) publicly available information, as that term is defined by the
15	regulations prescribed under 15 U.S.C. § 6804; or
16	(ii) any list, description, or other grouping of consumers, and
17	publicly available information pertaining to the consumers, that is derived
18	without using any nonpublic personal information.
19	(C) Notwithstanding subdivision (B) of this subdivision (11),
20	"personal information" includes any list, description, or other grouping of
21	consumers, and publicly available information pertaining to the consumers,

1	that is derived using any nonpublic personal information other than publicly
2	available information.
3	(12) "Protected consumer" means a natural person who, at the time a
4	request for a security freeze is made, is:
5	(A) less than 16 years of age;
6	(B) an incapacitated person; or
7	(C) a protected person.
8	(13) "Protected person" has the same meaning as in 14 V.S.A. § 3152.
9	(14) "Record" means a compilation of information that:
10	(A) identifies a protected consumer;
11	(B) is created by a consumer reporting agency solely for the purpose
12	of complying with this section; and
13	(C) may not be created or used to consider the protected consumer's
14	credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation.
15	personal characteristics, or mode of living.
16	(15) "Representative" means a person who provides to a consumer
17	reporting agency sufficient proof of authority to act on behalf of a protected
18	consumer.
19	(16) "Sufficient proof of authority" means documentation that shows
20	that a person has authority to act on behalf of a protected consumer, including:
21	(A) a court order;

1	(B) a lawfully executed power of attorney; or
2	(C) a written, notarized statement signed by the person that expressly
3	describes the person's authority to act on behalf of the protected consumer.
4	(17) "Sufficient proof of identification" means information or
5	documentation that identifies a protected consumer or a representative,
6	including:
7	(A) a Social Security number or a copy of a Social Security card
8	issued by the U.S. Social Security Administration;
9	(B) a certified or official copy of a birth certificate; or
10	(C) a copy of a government issued driver license or identification
11	card.
12	Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 9 is added to read:
13	Subchapter 9. Credit Report Protection for Minors
14	<u>§ 2493. TITLE</u>
15	This subchapter is known as "Credit Report Protection for Minors."
16	§ 2494. DEFINITIONS
17	As used in this subchapter:
18	(1) "Proper authority" means:
19	(A) in the case that it is required of a protected consumer's
20	representative:
21	(i) sufficient proof of identification of the protected consumer;

1	(ii) sufficient proof of identification of the protected consumer's
2	representative; and
3	(iii) sufficient proof of authority to act on behalf of the protected
4	consumer; and
5	(B) in the case that it is required of a consumer who is subject to a
6	protected consumer security freeze:
7	(i) sufficient proof of identification of the consumer who is subject
8	to a protected consumer security freeze; and
9	(ii) proof that the consumer who is subject to a protected
10	consumer security freeze is not a protected consumer.
11	(2) "Protected consumer security freeze" means:
12	(A) if a consumer reporting agency does not have a file that pertains
13	to a protected consumer, a restriction that:
14	(i) is placed on the protected consumer's record in accordance
15	with this subchapter; and
16	(ii) except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, prohibits the
17	consumer reporting agency from releasing the protected consumer's record; or
18	(B) if a consumer reporting agency has a file that pertains to the
19	protected consumer, a restriction that:
20	(i) is placed on the protected consumer's credit report in accordance
21	with this subchapter; and

1	(ii) except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, prohibits the
2	consumer reporting agency from releasing the protected consumer's credit
3	report or any information derived from the protected consumer's credit report.
4	§ 2495. APPLICABILITY
5	This subchapter does not apply to the use of a protected consumer's credit
6	report or record by:
7	(1) a person administering a credit file monitoring subscription service
8	to which:
9	(A) the protected consumer has subscribed; or
10	(B) the protected consumer's representative has subscribed on the
11	protected consumer's behalf;
12	(2) a person who, upon request from the protected consumer or the
13	protected consumer's representative, provides the protected consumer or the
14	protected consumer's representative with a copy of the protected consumer's
15	credit report;
16	(3) a check services or fraud prevention services company that issues:
17	(A) reports on incidents of fraud; or
18	(B) authorization for the purpose of approving or processing
19	negotiable instruments, electronic funds transfers, or similar payment methods;
20	(4) a deposit account information service company that issues reports
21	regarding account closures due to fraud, substantial overdrafts, automated

1	teller machine abuse, or similar information regarding an individual to
2	inquiring banks or other financial institutions for use only in reviewing an
3	individual's request for a deposit account at the inquiring bank or financial
4	institution;
5	(5) an insurance company for the purpose of conducting the insurance
6	company's ordinary business;
7	(6) a consumer reporting agency that:
8	(A) only resells credit information by assembling and merging
9	information contained in a database of another consumer reporting agency or
10	multiple consumer reporting agencies; and
11	(B) does not maintain a permanent database of credit information
12	from which new credit reports are produced; or
13	(7) a consumer reporting agency's database or file that consists of
14	information that:
15	(A) concerns and is used for:
16	(i) criminal record information;
17	(ii) fraud prevention or detection;
18	(iii) personal loss history information; or
19	(iv) employment, tenant, or individual background screening; and
20	(B) is not used for credit granting purposes.
21	§ 2496. SECURITY FREEZE FOR PROTECTED CONSUMER; TIME IN

1	<u>EFFECT</u>
2	(a) A consumer reporting agency shall place a security freeze for a
3	protected consumer if:
4	(1) the consumer reporting agency receives a request from the protected
5	consumer's representative for the placement of the security freeze; and
6	(2) the protected consumer's representative:
7	(A) submits the request described in subdivision (1) of this
8	subsection (a):
9	(i) to the address or other point of contact provided by the
10	consumer reporting agency; and
11	(ii) in the manner specified by the consumer reporting agency;
12	(B) demonstrates proper authority to the consumer reporting
13	agency; and
14	(C) if applicable, pays the consumer reporting agency a fee described
15	in section 2497 of this title.
16	(b) If a consumer reporting agency does not have a file that pertains to a
17	protected consumer when the consumer reporting agency receives a request
18	described in subsection (a) of this section, the consumer reporting agency shall
19	create a record for the protected consumer.
20	(c) The credit reporting agency shall:

1	(1) place a security freeze no later than 30 days after the date the agency
2	receives a request pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; and
3	(2) no later than 10 business days after placing the freeze:
4	(A) send a written confirmation of the security freeze to the protected
5	consumer or the protected consumer's representative; and
6	(B) provide a unique personal identification number or password,
7	other than a Social Security number, to be used to authorize the release of the
8	protected consumer's credit for a specific party, parties, or period of time.
9	(d) If the protected consumer or protected consumer's representative
10	wishes to allow the protected consumer's credit report to be accessed by a
11	specific party or parties, or for a specific period of time while a freeze is in
12	place, he or she shall:
13	(1) contact the credit reporting agency;
14	(2) request that the freeze be temporarily lifted;
15	(3) provide:
16	(A) proper authority;
17	(B) the unique personal identification number or password provided
18	by the credit reporting agency pursuant to subsection (c) of this section;
19	(C) the proper information regarding the third party, parties, or time
20	period for which the report shall be available to users of the credit report; and

1	(4) if applicable, pay the consumer reporting agency a fee described in
2	section 2497 of this title.
3	(e) A credit reporting agency may develop procedures involving the use of
4	telephone, fax, the Internet, or other electronic media to receive and process a
5	request from a consumer to lift temporarily a freeze on a credit report pursuant
6	to subsection (d) of this section in an expedited manner.
7	(f) A credit reporting agency that receives a request from a consumer to lift
8	temporarily a freeze on a credit report pursuant to subsection (e) of this section
9	shall comply with the request not later than three business days after receiving
10	the request.
11	(g) A credit reporting agency shall remove or lift temporarily a freeze
12	placed on a protected consumer's credit report only in the following cases:
13	(1) Upon request, pursuant to subsection (d) or (j) of this section.
14	(2) If the protected consumer's credit report was frozen due to a material
15	misrepresentation of fact by the consumer. If a credit reporting agency intends
16	to remove a freeze upon a protected consumer's credit report pursuant to this
17	subdivision, the credit reporting agency shall notify the protected consumer
18	and his or her representative in writing prior to removing the freeze on the
19	consumer's credit report.
20	(h) If a third party requests access to a credit report on which a protected
21	consumer security freeze is in effect and this request is in connection with an

1	application for credit or any other use and neither the consumer subject to the
2	protected consumer security freeze nor the protected consumer's representative
3	allows the credit report to be accessed for that specific party or period of time,
4	the third party may treat the application as incomplete.
5	(i) If a protected consumer's representative requests a security freeze
6	pursuant to this section, the credit reporting agency shall disclose to the
7	protected consumer's representative the process of placing and lifting
8	temporarily a security freeze and the process for allowing access to
9	information from the protected consumer's credit report for a specific party.
10	parties, or period of time while the protected consumer security freeze is in
11	place.
12	(j)(1) A protected consumer security freeze shall remain in place until the
13	consumer subject to the protected consumer security freeze or the protected
14	consumer's representative requests that the security freeze be removed.
15	(2) A credit reporting agency shall remove a protected consumer
16	security freeze within three business days of receiving a proper request for
17	removal.
18	(3) The protected consumer's representative or the consumer who is
19	subject to a protected consumer security freeze shall submit to the consumer
20	reporting agency a proper request for removal:

1	(A) at the address or other point of contact provided by the consumer
2	reporting agency; and
3	(B) in the manner specified by the consumer reporting agency.
4	(4) When submitting a proper request for removal, a protected
5	consumer's representative or a consumer who is subject to a protected
6	consumer security freeze shall:
7	(A) provide proper authority;
8	(B) provide the unique personal identification number or password
9	provided by the credit reporting agency pursuant to subsection (c) of this
10	section; and
11	(C) if applicable, pay the consumer reporting agency a fee described
12	in section 2497 of this title.
13	(k) A credit reporting agency shall require proper identification of the
14	person making a request to place or remove a protected consumer security
15	<u>freeze.</u>
16	(1) The provisions of this section, including the protected consumer security
17	freeze, do not apply to the use of a consumer report by the following:
18	(1) A person, or the person's subsidiary, affiliate, agent, or assignee with
19	which the protected consumer has or, prior to assignment, had an account,
20	contract, or debtor-creditor relationship for the purposes of reviewing the
21	account or collecting the financial obligation owing for the account, contract,

1	or debt, or extending credit to a consumer with a prior or existing account,
2	contract, or debtor-creditor relationship, subject to the requirements of section
3	2480e of this title. As used in this subdivision, "reviewing the account"
4	includes activities related to account maintenance, monitoring, credit line
5	increases, and account upgrades and enhancements.
6	(2) A subsidiary, affiliate, agent, assignee, or prospective assignee of a
7	person to whom access has been granted under subsection (d) of this section
8	for purposes of facilitating the extension of credit or other permissible use.
9	(3) Any person acting pursuant to a court order, warrant, or subpoena.
10	(4) The Office of Child Support when investigating a child support case
11	pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 651-669b) and
12	<u>33 V.S.A. 4102.</u>
13	(5) The Economic Services Division of the Department for Children and
14	Families or the Department of Vermont Health Access or its agents or assignee
15	acting to investigate welfare or Medicaid fraud.
16	(6) The Department of Taxes, municipal taxing authorities, or the
17	Department of Motor Vehicles or any of their agents or assignees, acting to
18	investigate or collect delinquent taxes or assessments, including interest and
19	penalties, unpaid court orders, or to fulfill any of their other statutory or charter
20	responsibilities.

1	(7) A person's use of credit information for the purposes of prescreening
2	as provided by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act.
3	(8) Any person for the sole purpose of providing a credit file monitoring
4	subscription service to which the consumer has subscribed.
5	(9) A credit reporting agency for the sole purpose of providing a
6	consumer with a copy of his or her credit report upon the consumer's request.
7	(10) Any property and casualty insurance company for use in setting or
8	adjusting a rate or underwriting for property and casualty insurance purposes.
9	<u>§ 2497. FEES</u>
10	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a consumer
11	reporting agency may not charge a fee for any service performed under this
12	subchapter.
13	(b) A consumer reporting agency may charge a reasonable fee, which does
14	not exceed \$5.00, for each placement, suspension, or removal of a protected
15	consumer security freeze, unless:
16	(1) the protected consumer's representative:
17	(A) has obtained a police report that states the protected consumer is
18	the alleged victim of identity fraud; and
19	(B) provides a copy of the report to the consumer reporting
20	agency; or

1	(2)(A) the protected consumer is less than 16 years of age at the time the
2	request is submitted to the consumer reporting agency; and
3	(B) the consumer reporting agency has a file that pertains to the
4	protected consumer.
5	* * * Use of Credit Information for Personal Insurance; H.432 * * *
6	Sec. 11. 8 V.S.A. § 4727 is added to read:
7	§ 4727. PERSONAL INSURANCE; USE OF CREDIT INFORMATION
8	(a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to regulate the use of credit
9	information for personal insurance, so that consumers are afforded certain
10	protections with respect to the use of such information.
11	(b) Scope. This section applies to personal insurance and not to
12	commercial insurance. As used in this section, "personal insurance" means
13	private passenger automobile, homeowners, motorcycle, mobile home owners,
14	and noncommercial dwelling fire insurance policies. Such policies must be
15	underwritten for personal, family, or household use. No other types of
16	insurance shall be included as personal insurance for the purpose of this
17	section.
18	(c) Definitions. As used in this section:
19	(1) "Adverse action" means a denial or cancellation of, an increase in
20	any charge for, or a reduction or other adverse or unfavorable change in the

1	terms of coverage or amount of, any insurance, existing or applied for, in
2	connection with the underwriting of personal insurance.
3	(2) "Affiliate" means any company that controls, is controlled by, or is
4	under common control with another company.
5	(3) "Applicant" means an individual who has applied to be covered by a
6	personal insurance policy with an insurer.
7	(4) "Consumer" means an insured whose credit information is used or
8	whose insurance score is calculated in the underwriting or rating of a personal
9	insurance policy or an applicant for such a policy.
10	(5) "Consumer reporting agency" means any person which, for
11	monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly engages in
12	whole or in part in the practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit
13	information or other information on consumers for the purpose of furnishing
14	consumer reports to third parties.
15	(6) "Credit information" means any credit-related information derived
16	from a credit report, found on a credit report itself, or provided on an
17	application for personal insurance. Information that is not credit-related shall
18	not be considered "credit information," regardless of whether it is contained in
19	a credit report or in an application, or is used to calculate an insurance score.
20	(7) "Credit report" means any written, oral, or other communication of
21	information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit

1	worthiness, credit standing, or credit capacity which is used or expected to be
2	used or collected in whole or in part for the purpose of serving as a factor to
3	determine personal insurance premiums, eligibility for coverage, or tier
4	placement.
5	(8) "Insurance score" means a number or rating that is derived from an
6	algorithm, computer application, model, or other process that is based in whole
7	or in part on credit information for the purposes of predicting the future
8	insurance loss exposure of an individual applicant or insured.
9	(d) Use of credit information. An insurer authorized to do business in this
10	State that uses credit information to underwrite or rate risks, shall not:
11	(1) Use an insurance score that is calculated using income, gender,
12	address, zip code, ethnic group, religion, marital status, or nationality of the
13	consumer as a factor.
14	(2) Deny, cancel or nonrenew a policy of personal insurance solely on
15	the basis of credit information, without consideration of any other applicable
16	underwriting factor independent of credit information and not expressly
17	prohibited by subdivision (1) of this subsection.
18	(3) Base an insured's renewal rates for personal insurance solely upon
19	credit information, without consideration of any other applicable factor
20	independent of credit information.

1	(4) Take an adverse action against a consumer solely because he or she
2	does not have a credit card account, without consideration of any other
3	applicable factor independent of credit information.
4	(5) Consider an absence of credit information or an inability to calculate
5	an insurance score in underwriting or rating personal insurance, unless the
6	insurer does one of the following:
7	(A) Treats the consumer as otherwise approved by the
8	Commissioner, if the insurer presents information that such an absence or
9	inability relates to the risk for the insurer.
10	(B) Treats the consumer as if the applicant or insured had neutral
11	credit information, as defined by the insurer.
12	(C) Excludes the use of credit information as a factor and uses only
13	other underwriting criteria.
14	(6) Take an adverse action against a consumer based on credit
15	information, unless an insurer obtains and uses a credit report issued or an
16	insurance score calculated within 90 days from the date the policy is first
17	written or renewal is issued.
18	(7) Use credit information unless not later than every 36 months
19	following the last time that the insurer obtained current credit information for
20	the insured, the insurer recalculates the insurance score or obtains an updated
21	credit report. Regardless of the requirements of this subsection:

1	(A) At annual renewal, upon the request of a consumer or the
2	consumer's agent, the insurer shall reunderwrite and rerate the policy based
3	upon a current credit report or insurance score. An insurer need not recalculate
4	the insurance score or obtain the updated credit report of a consumer more
5	frequently than once in a 12-month period.
6	(B) The insurer shall have the discretion to obtain current credit
7	information upon any renewal before the 36 months, if consistent with its
8	underwriting guidelines.
9	(C) No insurer need obtain current credit information for an insured,
10	despite the requirements of subdivision (A) of this subdivision (7), if one of the
11	following applies:
12	(i) The insurer is treating the consumer as otherwise approved by
13	the Commissioner.
14	(ii) The insured is in the most favorably priced tier of the insurer,
15	within a group of affiliated insurers. However, the insurer shall have the
16	discretion to order such report, if consistent with its underwriting guidelines.
17	(iii) Credit was not used for underwriting or rating such insured
18	when the policy was initially written. However, the insurer shall have the
19	discretion to use credit for underwriting or rating such insured upon renewal, if
20	consistent with its underwriting guidelines.

1	(iv) The insurer reevaluates the insured beginning not later than
2	36 months after inception and thereafter based upon other underwriting or
3	rating factors, excluding credit information.
4	(8) Use the following as a negative factor in any insurance scoring
5	methodology or in reviewing credit information for the purpose of
6	underwriting or rating a policy of personal insurance:
7	(A) credit inquiries not initiated by the consumer or inquiries
8	requested by the consumer for his or her own credit information;
9	(B) inquiries relating to insurance coverage, if so identified on a
10	consumer's credit report;
11	(C) collection accounts with a medical industry code, if so identified
12	on the consumer's credit report;
13	(D) multiple lender inquiries, if coded by the consumer reporting
14	agency on the consumer's credit report as being from the home mortgage
15	industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only one inquiry is
16	considered; and
17	(E) multiple lender inquiries, if coded by the consumer reporting
18	agency on the consumer's credit report as being from the automobile lending
19	industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only one inquiry is
20	considered.

1	(e)(1) Extraordinary life circumstances. Notwithstanding any other law or
2	rule to the contrary, an insurer that uses credit information shall, on written
3	request from an applicant for insurance coverage or an insured, provide
4	reasonable exceptions to the insurer's rates, rating classifications, company or
5	tier placement, or underwriting rules or guidelines for a consumer who has
6	experienced and whose credit information has been directly influenced by any
7	of the following events:
8	(A) a catastrophic event, as declared by the federal or State
9	government;
10	(B) a serious illness or injury, or a serious illness or injury to an
11	immediate family member;
12	(C) the death of a spouse, child, or parent;
13	(D) divorce or involuntary interruption of legally owed alimony or
14	support payments;
15	(E) identity theft;
16	(F) the temporary loss of employment for a period of three months or
17	more, if it results from involuntary termination;
18	(G) military deployment overseas; or
19	(H) other events, as determined by the insurer.

1	(2) If an applicant or insured submits a request for an exception as set
2	forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, an insurer may, in its sole discretion
3	but is not mandated to:
4	(A) require the consumer to provide reasonable written and
5	independently verifiable documentation of the event;
6	(B) require the consumer to demonstrate that the event had direct and
7	meaningful impact on the consumer's credit information;
8	(C) require such request be made no more than 60 days from the date
9	of the application for insurance or the policy renewal;
10	(D) grant an exception despite the consumer not providing the initial
11	request for an exception in writing; or
12	(E) grant an exception where the consumer asks for consideration of
13	repeated events or the insurer has considered this event previously.
14	(3) An insurer is not out of compliance with any law or rule relating to
15	underwriting, rating, or rate filing as a result of granting an exception under
16	this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to provide a consumer
17	or other insured with a cause of action that does not exist in the absence of this
18	section.
19	(4) The insurer shall provide notice to consumers that reasonable
20	exceptions are available and information about how the consumer may inquire
21	further.

1	(5) Within 30 days of the insurer's receipt of sufficient documentation
2	of an event described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the insurer shall
3	inform the consumer of the outcome of the request for a reasonable exception.
4	Such communication shall be in writing or provided to an applicant in the same
5	medium as the request.
6	(f) Dispute resolution and error correction. If it is determined through the
7	dispute resolution process set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15
8	U.S.C. § 1681i(a)(5), that the credit information of a current insured was
9	incorrect or incomplete and if the insurer receives notice of such determination
10	from either the consumer reporting agency or from the insured, the insurer
11	shall reunderwrite and rerate the consumer within 30 days of receiving the
12	notice. After reunderwriting or rerating the insured, the insurer shall make any
13	adjustments necessary, consistent with its underwriting and rating guidelines.
14	If an insurer determines that the insured has overpaid premium, the insurer
15	shall refund to the insured the amount of overpayment calculated back to the
16	shorter of either the last 12 months of coverage or the actual policy period.
17	(g)(1) Initial notification. If an insurer writing personal insurance uses
18	credit information in underwriting or rating a consumer, the insurer or its agent
19	shall disclose, either on the insurance application or at the time the insurance
20	application is taken, that it may obtain credit information in connection with
21	such application. Such disclosure shall be either written or provided to an

1	applicant in the same medium as the application for insurance. The insurer
2	need not provide the disclosure statement required under this section to any
3	insured on a renewal policy if such consumer has previously been provided a
4	disclosure statement.
5	(2) Use of the following example disclosure statement constitutes
6	compliance with this section: "In connection with this application for
7	insurance, we may review your credit report or obtain or use a credit-based
8	insurance score based on the information contained in that credit report. We
9	may use a third party in connection with the development of your insurance
10	score."
11	(h) Adverse action notification. If an insurer takes an adverse action based
12	upon credit information, the insurer must meet the notice requirements of this
13	subsection. Such insurer shall:
14	(1) Provide notification to the consumer that an adverse action has been
15	taken, in accordance with the requirements of the federal Fair Credit Reporting
16	Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681m(a).
17	(2) Provide notification to the consumer explaining the reason for the
18	adverse action. The reasons must be provided in sufficiently clear and specific
19	language so that a person can identify the basis for the insurer's decision to
20	take an adverse action. Such notification shall include a description of up to
21	four factors that were the primary influences of the adverse action. The use of

1	generalized terms such as "poor credit history," "poor credit rating," or "poor
2	insurance score" does not meet the explanation requirements of this subsection
3	Standardized credit explanations provided by consumer reporting agencies or
4	other third party vendors are deemed to comply with this section.
5	(i) Filing. Insurers that use insurance scores to underwrite and rate risks
6	must file their scoring models, or other scoring processes, with the Department
7	of Financial Regulation. A third party may file scoring models on behalf of
8	insurers. A filing that includes insurance scoring may include loss experience
9	justifying the use of credit information. Any filing relating to credit
10	information is considered trade secret under and not subject to disclosure under
11	Vermont's Public Records Act.
12	(j) Indemnification. An insurer shall indemnify, defend, and hold agents
13	harmless from and against all liability, fees, and costs arising out of or relating
14	to the actions, errors, or omissions of a producer who obtains or uses credit
15	information or insurance scores, or both, for an insurer, provided the producer
16	follows the instructions of or procedures established by the insurer and
17	complies with any applicable law or regulation. Nothing in this section shall
18	be construed to provide a consumer or other insured with a cause of action that
19	does not exist in the absence of this section.
20	(k) Sale of policy term information by consumer reporting agency. A
21	consumer reporting agency shall not provide or sell data or lists that include

action accrues and not thereafter.

19

1 any information that in whole or in part was submitted in conjunction with an 2 insurance inquiry about a consumer's credit information or a request for a 3 credit report or insurance score. Such information includes the expiration 4 dates of an insurance policy or any other information that may identify time 5 periods during which a consumer's insurance may expire and the terms and 6 conditions of the consumer's insurance coverage. The restrictions provided in 7 this subsection do not apply to data or lists the consumer reporting agency 8 supplies to the insurance producer from whom information was received, the 9 insurer on whose behalf such producer acted, or such insurer's affiliates or 10 holding companies. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict any 11 insurer from being able to obtain a claims history report or a motor vehicle 12 report. * * * Credit Card Debt Collection; H.482 * * * 13 14 Sec. 12. 12 V.S.A. § 511 is amended to read: 15 § 511. CIVIL ACTION 16 (a) A civil action, except one brought upon the judgment or decree of a 17 court of record of the United States or of this or some other state, and except as 18 otherwise provided, shall be commenced within six years after the cause of

1	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a civil action to collect a
2	debt arising from default on a credit card account shall be commenced within
3	three years after the cause of action accrues and not thereafter.
4	Sec. 13. 12 V.S.A. § 3170 is amended to read:
5	§ 3170. EXEMPTIONS; ISSUANCE OF ORDER
6	(a) No order approving the issuance of trustee process against earnings shall
7	be entered against a judgment debtor who was, within the two-month period
8	preceding the hearing provided in section 3169 of this title, a recipient of
9	assistance from the Vermont Department for Children and Families or the
10	Department of Vermont Health Access. The judgment debtor must establish
11	this exemption at the time of hearing.
12	(b) The earnings of a judgment debtor shall be exempt as follows:
13	(1) seventy-five percent of the debtor's weekly disposable earnings, or 30
14	times the federal minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or
15	(2) if the judgment debt arose from a consumer credit transaction, as that
16	term is defined by 15 U.S.C. section 1602 and implementing regulations of the
17	Federal Reserve Board, other than a default on a credit card account, 85
18	percent of the debtor's weekly disposable earnings, or 40 times the federal
19	minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or

1	(3) <u>if the judgment debt arose from a default on a credit card account, 85</u>
2	percent of the debtor's weekly disposable earnings, or 40 times the applicable
3	minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or
4	(4) if the court finds that the weekly expenses reasonably incurred by
5	the debtor for his or her maintenance and that of dependents exceed the
6	amounts exempted by subdivisions (1), and (2), and (3) of this subsection, such
7	greater amount of earnings as the court shall order.
8	* * *
9	Sec. 14. 9 V.S.A. § 41a is amended to read:
10	§ 41A. LEGAL RATES
11	* * *
11	* * *
11 12	* * * (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment
11 12 13	* * * * (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account shall accrue at the rate of 12
11 12 13 14	* * * * (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum.
11 12 13 14 15	*** (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum. (2) A court may suspend the accrual of interest on a judgment against a
11 12 13 14 15	* * * * (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum. (2) A court may suspend the accrual of interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account if the court finds, through a financial
11 12 13 14 15 16	* * * * (e)(1) Subject to subdivision (2) of this subsection, interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum. (2) A court may suspend the accrual of interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on a credit card account if the court finds, through a financial disclosure, that the debtor has an inability to pay.

1	(c) Interest Unless a court suspends the accrual of interest pursuant to 9
2	V.S.A. § 41a(e), interest on a judgment lien shall accrue at the rate of 12
3	percent per annum.
4	Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATES
5	(a) This section shall take effect on passage.
6	(b) Sec. 11 (credit information for personal insurance) shall take effect on
7	passage and apply to personal insurance policies either written to be effective
8	or renewed on or after nine months from the effective date of the act.
9	(c) Secs. 2–5 (fantasy sports operators) shall take effect on January 1, 2018
10	and apply to calendar year 2018 and after.
11	(d) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2017:
12	(1) Sec. 1 (home loan escrow accounts).
13	(2) Secs. 6–7 (automatic renewal provisions).
14	(3) Sec. 8 (retainage for construction materials).
15	(4) Secs. 9–10 (credit protection for vulnerable persons).
16	(5) Secs. 12–15 (credit card debt collection).
17	
18	
19	(Committee vote:)

(Draft No. 6.1 – S.136) 4/20/2017 - DPH - 02:28 PM	

1	
2	Representative
3	FOR THE COMMITTEE

Page 51 of 51